

# Hope SENTAMU

## LEARNING TRUST

### BEHAVIOUR POLICY

THIS OVERARCHING TRUST-WIDE POLICY APPLIES TO ALL TRUST SCHOOLS/ACADEMIES WITHIN THE HOPE SENTAMU LEARNING TRUST. ALL SCHOOLS/ACADEMIES WILL MAINTAIN A LOCAL BEHAVIOUR PROCEDURE RELEVANT TO THE SETTING

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## Policy Updates

Date	Page	Policy Updates
November 2022	Whole policy	'Guidance on <b>sexual violence</b> and sexual <b>harassment</b> between children in schools and colleges'. This publication was withdrawn on 1 September <b>2022</b> , therefore reference to this withdrawn policy has been removed from this updated policy
November 2022	Whole policy	Policy has been updated to reflect DfE (2022) Keeping Children Safe in Education
November 2022	Whole policy	Policy has been updated to reflect DfE (2022) 'Behaviour and Discipline in Schools'
November 2022	11	Ash Guidance for Schools - Vaping (2022)
November 2022	12	Searching, screening and confiscation guidelines
November 2022	15	Structured appendix A for localised use
December 2023	Whole policy	Reformatted inline with other Trust policies
December 2023	5	1 - Legal framework updated to reflect current legislation and applicable Trust policies
December 2023	11	8 - New section added re: SEMH needs of pupils
December 2023	11	9 - Section renamed and updated to reflect current guidance/legislation on sexual abuse, harassment and discrimination in schools
April 2024	Whole policy	Policy renamed from 'Behaviour' to 'behaviour' Policy
April 2024	12	11 - Section on Mobile Phones added
April 2024	5	Hope Sentamu Learning Trust Vision and Values added

This policy has been approved by:			
Signed		Date	
	<i>Chief Executive Officer</i>		
Signed		Date	
	<i>Chair of Distinctiveness and Personal Development Committee</i>		

## Statement of Intent

The Hope Sentamu Learning Trust believes that, in order to facilitate teaching and learning, acceptable behaviour must be demonstrated in all aspects of school life. The Trust is committed to:

- Promoting positive behaviour through recognition and reward.
- Promoting self-esteem, self-discipline, proper regard for authority and positive relationships based on mutual respect.
- Ensuring equality and fair treatment for all.
- Promote early intervention.
- Praising and rewarding positive behaviour.
- Challenging unacceptable behaviours.
- Providing a safe environment free from disruption, violence, discrimination, bullying and any form of harassment.
- Developing positive relationships with parents/carers.
- Developing positive relationships with pupils.
- Promoting a culture of praise and encouragement in which all pupils can thrive.

The Trust acknowledges that behaviour can sometimes be a result of educational needs, mental health concerns, or other needs and vulnerabilities and will address these needs via an individualised graduated response.

To help reduce the likelihood of behavioural issues related to social, emotional or mental health (SEMH), the Trust aims to create a safe and calm environment in which positive mental health and wellbeing are promoted and pupils are taught to be resilient. The Trust aims to promote resilience as part of a whole-school approach using the following methods:

- **Culture, ethos and environment** - the health and wellbeing of pupils and staff is promoted through the informal curriculum, including leadership practice, policies, values and attitudes, alongside the social and physical environment
- **Teaching** - the curriculum is used to develop pupils' knowledge about health and wellbeing
- **Community engagement** - the schools/academies in the Trust proactively engage with parents/carers, outside agencies and the wider community to promote consistent support for pupils' health and wellbeing.

Where vulnerable pupils or groups are identified, provision will be made to support and promote their positive mental health. The Trust's Student Mental Health and Wellbeing Policy and Special Educational Needs and Disability (SEND) Policy outline the specific procedures that will be used to assess these pupils for any SEMH-related difficulties that could affect their behaviour.

## Our Trust Vision

To provide environments where children and young people can thrive.  
*Life in all its fullness - a place to thrive*

Our ambition as a fully inclusive Trust of Church of England schools/academies, including an ecumenical Anglican/Methodist school and community schools/academies, is for all our learners to flourish and to thrive in all aspects of their academic and personal development on their personal spiritual journey; to experience “life in all its fullness”, through our Trust values of Respect, Teamwork and Kindness.

Our Trust vision is closely aligned to the Church of England Vision for Education, of ‘life in all its fullness’ at its heart, for the common good of the whole community. We wish as a Trust to;

- Educate for wisdom, knowledge and skills: enabling our learners to build confidence and delight in seeking wisdom and knowledge and developing talents in all areas of life.
- Educate for hope and aspiration: to enable renewal, to support our learners to cope wisely when things go wrong, opening horizons and guiding learners to achieve their academic and personal goals.
- Educate for community and living well together: a core focus on positive respectful relationships in our schools, working in partnership in our communities and flourishing together.
- Educate for dignity and respect: for all our learners to respect the value and preciousness of each person, treating each person as a unique individual of inherent worth.

Our Trust vision is also aligned to the York Diocesan Board of Education (YDBE) vision of seeking to build flourishing communities in schools/academies, parishes and homes. We are part of the wider family of Diocesan schools/academies, churches and communities in the Diocese of York and enjoy working collaboratively together to further enhance the academic and personal development of young people.

## Our Trust Values

Respect, Teamwork, Kindness



A respectful and inclusive community, with a culture of thankfulness and appreciation, where we celebrate equality and diversity.



High quality first teaching across all of our schools, in every learning session, without exception.



A broad and balanced educational offer which develops all pupils academically, practically, emotionally, socially and spiritually, leading to great outcomes.



Resilient, sustainable and ethical leadership at all levels of the organisation.

## 1. Legal Framework

1.1. This policy has due regard to all relevant statutory legislation and guidance including, but not limited to, the following:

- Education Act 1996 and 2002 revision
- Equality Act 2010
- Education and Inspections Act 2006
- Health Act 2006
- Voyeurism (Offences) Act 2019
- The School Information (England) Regulations 2008
- Education (Independent School Standards) Regulations 2014
- DfE (2022) 'Behaviour and Discipline in School'
- DfE (2024) 'Behaviour in Schools: Advice for Headteachers and School Staff'
- DfE (2023) 'Keeping Children Safe in Education'
- DfE (2018) 'Mental health and behaviour in schools'
- DfE (2015) 'Special educational needs and disability code of practice: 0-25 years'
- DfE (2013) 'Use of reasonable force'
- DfE (2022) 'Searching, screening and confiscation: Advice for schools'
- HM Government (2019) 'Reducing the Need for Restraint and Restrictive Intervention'
- Ash Guidance for Schools (2022)
- Police and Criminal Evidence Act 1984 (PACE) Code A and Police and Criminal Evidence Act 1984 (PACE) Code C.
- DfE (2023) 'Suspension and Permanent Exclusion from maintained schools, academies and pupil referral units in England, including pupil movement'

1.2. This policy operates in conjunction with the following **Trust** policies:

- Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy
- Social, Emotional and Mental Health (SEMH) Policy
- Suspensions and Permanent Exclusions Policy
- Special Educational Needs and Disabilities (SEND) Policy
- Complaints Policy and Procedure
- Child-on Child Abuse Policy
- Anti-Bullying Policy

1.3. For **faith based schools**, we incorporate the Church of England guidance including;

- Church of England Archbishops' Council Education Division and The National Society Valuing All God's Children (Archbishop's Council Education Division, May 2014).
- Church of England Archbishops' Council Education Division and The National Society A Diocesan Board of Education for the Future (Archbishops' Council Education Division, July 2013), p. 3.
- The Church of England Education Office Statutory Inspection of Anglican and Methodist Schools Evaluation Schedule (The National Society, September 2022).
- The Church of England Education Office Church of England Vision for Education: Deeply Christian, Serving the Common Good (Autumn 2016).
- The Church of England Education Office The Fruit of the Spirit: A Church of England Discussion Paper on Character Education (October 2015).

- The Church of England Foundation for Educational Leadership Leadership of Character Education: Developing Virtues and Celebrating Human Flourishing in Schools (September 2017).

## 2. Definitions

### 2.1. Low-level Unacceptable Behaviour

For the purpose of this policy, 'low level unacceptable behaviour' is any behaviour which may disrupt the education of the perpetrator and/or other pupils, including, but not limited to:

- Lateness
- Low level disruption in lessons, in corridors between lessons, and at break and lunchtimes
- Non-completion of classwork or homework
- Poor attitude
- Incorrect uniform
- Lack of equipment
- Refusing to complete homework, incomplete homework or arriving at school without homework
- Disruption on public transport
- Use of mobile phones without permission
- Graffiti

'Low level unacceptable behaviour' may be escalated to 'serious unacceptable behaviour' depending on the severity of the behaviour. Please refer to Appendix A for further information.

### 2.2. Serious Unacceptable Behaviour

For the purposes of this policy, 'serious unacceptable behaviour' is defined as any behaviour which may cause harm to oneself or others, damage the reputation of the school/academy within the wider community, and/or any illegal behaviour. Serious misbehaviour includes, but is not limited to:

- Discrimination - not giving equal respect to an individual on the basis of age, disability, gender identity, marriage and civil partnership, pregnancy and maternity, race, religion or belief, sex and sexual orientation.
- Sexual violence, such as rape, assault by penetration, or sexual assault (intentional sexual touching without consent).
- Sexual harassment, meaning unwanted conduct, offensive behaviours of a sexual nature, or which affects the dignity of the individual or group of individuals such as:
  - Sexual comments
  - Sexual jokes or taunting
  - Physical behaviour like interfering with clothes
  - Online sexual harassment such as unwanted sexual comments and messages (including on social media), sharing of nude or semi-nude images and/or videos, or sharing of unwanted explicit content
- Bullying - a type of harassment which involves personal abuse or persistent actions which humiliate, intimidate, frighten or demean the individual being bullied.
- Cyber bullying - the use of electronic communication to bully a person, typically by sending messages of an intimidating or threatening nature.
- Repeated breaches of the Behaviour Policy in line with local procedures (please refer to Appendix A for further information)

- Vandalism
- Theft
- Fighting and aggression
- Truancy and running away from school
- Refusing to comply with disciplinary sanctions
- Smoking and vaping
- Racist, sexist, homophobic or discriminatory behaviour
- Extreme behaviour, such as violence and serious vandalism
- Any behaviour that threatens safety or presents a serious danger
- Any behaviour that seriously inhibits the learning of pupils
- Any behaviour that requires the immediate attention of a staff member
- Repeated incidents of low-level unacceptable behaviour
- Verbal abuse, including swearing, racist remarks and threatening language
- Possession of any prohibited or banned items. Although this list is not exhaustive, examples of these are:
  - Knives or weapons
  - Alcohol
  - Illegal drugs
  - Vapes
  - Drug of vape paraphernalia
  - Stolen items
  - Tobacco and cigarette papers
  - Fireworks
  - Pornographic images
  - Any article a staff member reasonably suspects has been, or is likely to be, used to commit an offence, or to cause personal injury to, or damage to the property of, any person (including the pupil)

### **3. Roles and Responsibilities**

#### **3.1. The Trust Board have overall responsibility for:**

- Reviewing and approving the Trust wide Behavior Policy and Procedures, in conjunction with the Chief Executive Officer.
- Monitoring the policy's effectiveness in local settings via the Local Governing Committee.
- Supporting the promotion of a whole-Trust culture where calm, dignity and structure encompass every space and activity.
- Handling complaints regarding this policy, as outlined in the Complaints Procedure and Policy.

#### **3.2. The Headteacher/Principal is responsible for:**

- Monitoring and implementation of this policy and of the rewards and sanctions procedures in the school/academy. This includes the policy's effectiveness in addressing any SEMH-related drivers of poor/unacceptable behaviour.
- Establishing the standard of behaviour expected by pupils within the school/academy.
- developing and implementing local procedures in line with policy and central Trust guidance



- The Headteacher/Principal will ensure that the school/academy environment encourages positive behaviour and that staff deal effectively with poor/unacceptable behaviour, and will monitor how staff implement this policy and the local procedures to ensure rewards and sanctions are applied consistently.
- Reporting to the LGC on the implementation of this policy and the local procedures, including its effectiveness in addressing any SEMH-related issues that could be driving disruptive behaviour.

**3.3. The mental health lead is responsible for:**

- Overseeing the whole-school approach to mental health, including how this is reflected in this policy and the local procedures, how staff are supported with managing pupils with SEMH-related behavioural difficulties, and how the school/academy manages pupils and parents/carers with regards to the behaviour of pupils with SEMH difficulties.
- Supporting behaviour management in line with the Student Mental Health and Wellbeing Policy.

**3.4. The SENCo is responsible for:**

- Collaborating with the LGC, Headteacher/Principal and the mental health lead, as part of the Senior Leadership Team (SLT), to determine the strategic development of behavioural and SEMH policies and provisions in the school/academy.
- Undertaking day to day responsibilities for the successful operation of the behavioural and SEMH policies to support pupils with SEND, in line with the Trust's Special Educational Needs and Disability (SEND) Policy.
- Supporting teachers in the further assessment of the pupil's strengths and areas for development and advising on effective implementation of support.

**3.5. Teaching staff are responsible for:**

- Implementing the Behaviour Policy and the local procedures consistently
- Modelling positive behaviour
- Providing a personalised approach to the specific behavioural needs of particular pupils
- Recording behaviour incidents
- Rewarding positive behaviour
- Aiming to teach all pupils the full curriculum, whatever their prior attainment
- Planning lessons to address potential areas of difficulty to ensure that there are no barriers to every pupil achieving their potential, and that every pupil with behavioural difficulties will be able to study the full national curriculum.

**3.6. All staff are responsible for:**

- Implementing the Behaviour Policy and procedures consistently
- Promoting a supportive and high-quality learning environment
- Modelling high levels of behaviour
- Being aware of the signs of behavioural difficulties
- Setting high expectations for every pupil
- Being aware of the needs, outcomes sought and support provided to any pupils with specific behavioural needs.

**3.7. Parents/carers are responsible for:**

- Supporting their child to adhere to the Behaviour Policy and procedures set out in the school/academy.
- Informing the school/academy of any changes in circumstances that may affect their child's behaviour.
- Discussing any behavioural concerns with a member of staff.

### **3.8. Pupils are responsible for:**

- Their own behaviour both inside and outside the school/academy.
- Reporting any unacceptable behaviour to a member of staff.
- Behaving in an orderly and self-controlled way.
- Showing respect to all members of staff and each other.
- Treat the school/academy buildings and school/academy property with respect.
- Wearing the correct uniform and having the correct equipment.
- Completion of work set both in and out of the school/academy.
- Accepting sanctions when given.
- Refraining from behaving in a way that brings the school/academy into disrepute, including when outside of the school/academy.

## **4. Behaviour Management\***

All staff have the authority and responsibility to consistently apply the Trust's Behaviour Policy and the local procedures. This includes rewarding pupils, or where necessary putting sanctions in place for those who fail to adhere to the school/academy rules, this can be both inside and outside of the school/academy.

### **4.1. Promoting good behaviour**

The Trust promotes positive behaviours through recognising, praising and rewarding positive behaviours. Each school/academy should ensure that:

- They build and maintain positive relationships with pupils, built on respect.
- Pupils' achievements are recognised within, but also beyond the classroom environment.
- Positive learning environments are provided, where children feel safe and confident and are able to flourish.

### **4.2. Rewards**

As a Trust we promote positive behaviour by recognising and promoting good behaviours, attitudes and achievements that meet our values and expectations.

The Headteacher/Principal at each school/academy is responsible for setting the arrangements for recognising positive behaviours, attitudes and achievements, based on the principles outlined in this policy. This is done through considering the age, maturity and understanding of the pupils at the school/academy. These systems are shared with pupils, staff and parents/carers to ensure a consistent and collaborative approach.

### **4.3. Sanctions**

Staff within the school/academy will apply the appropriate sanctions to incidences of unacceptable behaviour as is set out in the school/academy's behaviour management procedures. This will also be in line with the Trust guidance to schools/academies.

Sanctions will be proportionate to the behaviours displayed, in accordance with the school/academy systems and procedures, and taking into account the pupil's age, SEND needs or any religious requirements.

#### **4.4. Detentions**

Detentions are seen as a part of a range of sanctions intending to encourage positive behaviour in pupils. Detentions may be individual, departmental, pastoral or whole school. The appropriate level of detention will be issued in accordance with the school/academy's behaviour procedures.

- Teachers have a legal power to put pupils (under the age of 18) in detention, but will act reasonably and ensure the pupils' safety is not compromised.
- If a lunchtime detention is used, staff will allow reasonable time for the pupil to eat, drink and use the toilet.
- Consent from parents/carers is not required for detentions, but the school/academy will endeavour to inform parents/carers of the detention.
- There is no requirement for notice to be given to parents/carers.

*\*Please refer to Appendix A for further information.*

### **5. Classroom Management\***

Teaching and support staff are responsible for setting the tone and context for positive behaviour within the classroom. Well-managed classrooms are paramount to preventing disruptive and unacceptable behaviour.

#### **5.1. Staff will:**

- Create and maintain a stimulating environment that encourages pupils to be engaged.
- Display the pupil code of conduct within the classroom.
- Develop a positive relationship with pupils, which may include:
  - Greeting pupils in the morning/at the start of lessons
  - Establishing clear routines
  - Communicating expectations of behaviour
  - Highlighting and promoting positive behaviour
  - Concluding the day positively and starting the next day afresh
  - Each lesson is a fresh start
  - Using positive reinforcement.

*\*Please refer to Appendix A for further information.*

### **6. Pupil Support**

- 6.1. The Trust recognises its legal duty under the Equality Act 2010 to prevent pupils with a protected characteristic from being at a disadvantage. Consequently, our approach to challenging behaviour may be differentiated to cater to the needs of the pupil.
- 6.2. The school/academy's special educational needs co-ordinator will evaluate a pupil who exhibits challenging behaviour to determine whether they have any underlying needs that are not currently being met. Where necessary, support and advice will also be sought from specialist teachers, an

educational psychologist, medical practitioners and/or others, to identify or support specific needs. Where appropriate a risk assessment will be put in place to support the staff and pupils in managing potential situations where foreseeable. When acute needs are identified in a pupil, we will liaise with external agencies and plan support programmes for that child. We will work with parents/carers to create the plan and review it on a regular basis.

## **7. Safeguarding**

- 7.1. The Trust recognises that changes in behaviour may be an indicator that a pupil is in need of help or protection. We will consider whether a pupil's misbehaviour may be linked to them suffering, or being likely to suffer, significant harm. Where this may be the case, schools/academies will follow their Safeguarding and Child Protection policies and procedures.

## **8. Social, Emotional and Mental Health (SEMH) Needs**

- 8.1. To help reduce the likelihood of behavioural issues related to SEMH needs, the school/academy will create a safe and calm environment in which positive mental health and wellbeing are promoted and pupils are taught to be resilient.
- 8.2. The school/academy will promote resilience as part of a whole-school approach using the following methods:
- Culture, ethos and environment – the health and wellbeing of pupils and staff is promoted through the informal curriculum, including leadership practice, policies, values and attitudes, alongside the social and physical environment
  - Teaching – the curriculum is used to develop pupils' knowledge about health and wellbeing
  - Community engagement – the school/academy proactively engages with parents/carers, outside agencies and the wider community to promote consistent support for pupils' health and wellbeing
- 8.3. All staff will be made aware of how potentially traumatic adverse childhood experiences, including abuse and neglect, can impact on a pupil's mental health, behaviour, and education. Where vulnerable pupils or groups are identified, provision will be made to support and promote their positive mental health. The Trust's Social, Emotional and Mental Health (SEMH) Policy outlines the specific procedures that will be used to assess these pupils for any SEMH-related difficulties that could affect their behaviour.

## **9. Sexual Abuse, Harassment and Discrimination**

- 9.1. The Trust does not accept any form of sexual abuse, harassment and discrimination, including sexual harassment, gender-based bullying and sexual violence. The Trust's procedures for handling child-on-child sexual abuse, harassment and discrimination are detailed in the Trust's Child-on-Child Abuse Policy.
- 9.2. The Trust will work with all schools/academies to ensure that all incidents of sexual harassment and/or violence is met with a suitable response, and never ignored. Pupils are encouraged to report anything that makes them uncomfortable, no matter how 'small' they feel it might be.
- 9.3. The school/academy will respond appropriately to any sexual harassment complaints inline with the Trust's Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy. Disciplinary sanctions for incidents of sexual harassment

will be determined based on the nature of the case, the ages of those involved and any previous related incidents.

9.4. Where the school/academy is responding to a report of sexual violence, the school/academy will take immediate steps to ensure the victim and other pupils are protected. The DSL will work closely with the Police, and any other partner agencies as required, to ensure that any action the school/academy takes, e.g. disciplinary sanctions, will not jeopardise any ongoing Police investigation.

9.5. The response to any incidents of sexual abuse and/or discrimination will be:

- Prompt
- Proportionate
- Considered
- Supportive

9.6. The schools/academies within the Trust have procedures in place to respond to any concerns regarding children's safety or wellbeing. These include clear processes for:

- Responding to a report
- Carrying out risk assessments, where appropriate, to help determine whether to:
  - Manage the incident internally
  - Refer to early help
  - Refer to children's social care
  - Report to the Police

## **10. Smoking and Controlled Substances, including Vaping**

10.1. In accordance with part 1 of the Health Act 2006, all schools/academies in the Trust are smoke-free and vape free environments. Parents/carers, visitors, staff and pupils are instructed not to smoke or vape on school/academy grounds. Pupils are not permitted to bring smoking materials, vaping materials, or nicotine products into the school/academy.

10.2. The Trust will not accept illegal drugs, legal highs and other controlled substances on any of its sites. Where incidents with pupils related to controlled substances occur, the school/academy will follow the procedures outlined in the Trust's Behaviour Policy and Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy.

## **11. Mobile Phones**

11.1. The schools/academies within the Trust recognise that mobile phones, including smart phones, are an important part of everyday life for our pupils, parents/carers and staff, as well as our wider community. Whilst we are able to see the benefits provided by mobile phones, as a trust we are concerned by potential:

- Risks to child protection
- Impact on mental health
- Over reliance on mobile technology
- Impact on learning in the classroom
- Reduced physical socialisation
- Risk of theft, loss, or damage

- 11.2. Consequently, the Trust will not accept the sight or use of mobile phones on its school/academy sites. The appearance or use of mobile phones on the school/academy site will be sanctioned in line with the school/academy's behaviour procedures. *Please refer to Appendix A for further information.*

## 12. Prohibited Items, Searching Pupils and Confiscation

- 12.1. Headteachers/Principals and staff authorised by them have a statutory power to search pupils or their possessions, without consent, where they have reasonable grounds for suspecting that the pupil may have a prohibited item. This must be undertaken by two members of staff who have been trained and at least one colleague must be of the same gender as the pupil to be searched. Best practice is for both colleagues to be of the same gender as the pupil being searched. The prohibited items\* are:

- Knives or weapons.
- Alcohol.
- Illegal drugs.
- Stolen items.
- Tobacco and cigarette papers and vaping equipment
- Fireworks.
- Pornographic images.
- Any article that the member of staff reasonably suspects has been, or is likely to be, used:
  - To commit an offence; or
  - To cause personal injury to any person, including the pupil themselves; or
  - To damage the property of any person, including the pupil themselves.

**\*The model list above was created using the DfE's 'Searching, screening and confiscation' guidance. To search for any items not listed here, staff will require the consent of the pupil being searched.**

- 12.2. Pupils may refuse to participate due to some of the following reasons

- They are in possession of a prohibited item;
- They do not understand the instruction;
- They are unaware of what a search may involve; or
- They have had a previous distressing experience of being searched.

- 12.3. Schools/academies must keep records of the search, including the reason for the search, who conducted the search and the outcome.

- 12.4. Schools/academies should reinforce the whole-school approach by building and maintaining positive relationships with parents/carers. Parents/carers should always be informed of any search for a prohibited item and the outcome of the search as soon as is practicable. A member of staff should inform the parents/carers of what, if anything, has been confiscated and the resulting action the school/academy has taken, including any sanctions applied.

- 12.5. Schools/academies must analyse the data generated by this record keeping and identify if "searching is falling disproportionately on any group or groups [and] should consider whether any actions should be taken to prevent this".

- 12.6. ***Searches that fall outside of the normal remit of the school/academy must be approved by the Trust Safeguarding Lead before any commencement begins.***

### **13. Behaviour Off School Site**

- 13.1. Sanctions may be applied where a pupil has misbehaved off-site when representing the school/academy\*. This means misbehaviour when the pupil is:
- Taking part in any school-organised or school-related activity (e.g. school trips)
  - Travelling to or from the school/academy
  - Wearing school/academy uniform
  - In any other way identifiable as a pupil of our school/academy
  - Sanctions may also be applied where a pupil has misbehaved off-site at any time, whether or not the conditions above apply, if the misbehaviour:
    - Could have repercussions for the orderly running of the school/academy
    - Poses a threat to another pupil or member of the public
    - Could adversely affect the reputation of the school/academy

*\*Please refer to Appendix A for further information.*

### **14. Power to Use Reasonable Force**

- 14.1. Members of staff have the power to use reasonable force to prevent pupils committing an offence, injuring themselves or others, or damaging property, and to maintain good order and discipline in the classroom.
- 14.2. Headteachers/Principals and **authorised school/academy** staff may also use such force as is reasonable given the circumstances when conducting a search without consent for knives or weapons, alcohol, illegal drugs, stolen items, tobacco and cigarette papers, fireworks, pornographic images or articles that have been or could be used to commit an offence or cause harm.

### **15. Malicious Allegations**

- 15.1. Where a pupil makes an allegation against a member of staff and that allegation is shown to have been deliberately invented or malicious, the school/academy will discipline the pupil in accordance with this policy.
- 15.2. Where a pupil makes an allegation against another pupil and that allegation is shown to have been deliberately invented or malicious, the school/academy will discipline the pupil in accordance with this policy.
- 15.3. In all cases where an allegation is determined to be unsubstantiated, unfounded, false or malicious, the school/academy (in collaboration with the Local Authority Designated Officer (LADO), where relevant) will consider whether the pupil who made the allegation is in need of help, or the allegation may have been a cry for help. If so, a referral to children's social care may be appropriate.
- 15.4. The school/academy will also consider the pastoral needs of staff and pupils accused of misconduct. Please refer to our Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy, the Child-on-Child Abuse Policy and the

Managing Allegations Against Staff Policy or more information on responding to allegations of abuse against staff or other pupils.

## **16. Monitoring and Review**

- 16.1. This policy is reviewed annually by the Distinctiveness and Personal Development Committee.
- 16.2. Any changes made to this policy by the Trust will be communicated to all members of staff. All members of staff are required to familiarise themselves with all processes and procedures outlined in this policy and the local procedures.
- 16.3. The next scheduled review date for this policy is listed on the cover page of the policy.



<b>BEHAVIOUR POLICY</b>	
<b>Localised School Based Procedures</b>	
<b>School Name:</b>	Vale of York Academy
<b>Headteacher/Principal:</b>	Gillian Mills
<b>Behaviour Lead:</b>	Claire Hirst
<b>Designated Safeguarding Lead:</b>	Claire Hirst
<b>Implementation Date:</b> <i>Inline with policy approval</i>	May 2024

### Introduction

In line with our Trust-wide Behaviour Policy, localised procedures have been established to ensure that systems and procedures reflect the school/academy setting.

The localised procedures for the school/academy setting focuses on the following key areas:-

- Rewards System
- Sanctions System

Should you have any concerns or questions relating to the localised procedures, in the first instance, please contact [hello@voy.hslt.academy](mailto:hello@voy.hslt.academy)

<b>Rewards System</b>
<b>Relates to item 4.2 in the Trust Behaviour Policy</b>
<p><b>Reward Stamps and Prizes</b></p> <p>The academy operates a stamp for rewards system. Pupils can earn stamps at the following points:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Arriving at school to reward correct uniform and punctuality;</li> <li>● In tutor time to reward correct uniform and punctuality; high quality work; homework (if applicable);</li> <li>● In lesson time to reward correct uniform and punctuality; high quality work; homework (if applicable);</li> <li>● Extracurricular/Intervention/Enrichment opportunities to reward engagement.</li> </ul> <p>The stamps can then be ‘cashed in’ for prizes at various levels. The number of stamps that the Pupils receive are recorded in the planner each week.</p>

## Prizes

Reward	Stamp Number
2500 stamps	£20 Shopping Voucher and Principal's lunch
1500 stamps	£5 Shopping/Activity Voucher
1000 stamps	Lunchtime Queue Jump Pass
750 stamps	Pencil case set
500 stamps	Tuck shop voucher (drink, chocolate or crisps)

### Arriving at School

- 1 stamp - Arriving on time to school and in the correct uniform

### In Lesson/Tutor Time

- 1 stamp - Arriving on time and in the correct uniform
- 3 possible stamps - Contributing or producing high quality work in the lesson
- 1 stamp - Homework that is on time and to a high standard

### Extracurricular Activities

- 1 stamp - Attending an extracurricular club

Pupils can earn:

- 5 stamps per lesson/tutor time per day
- 32 stamps possible per day
- 160 stamps possible per week

### Rewards Assemblies

At the end of every half term, a rewards assembly will take place for each year group where prizes will be given to Pupils. This is an opportunity to celebrate the success of the year group. The number of stamps that Pupils have attained is reset at the beginning of each academic year.

### Attendance Rewards

Pupils are able to attain other rewards for attendance in a weekly draw and can participate in inter-form competitions throughout the academic year.

## Sanctions System

### Relates to item 4.3, 4.4 and 5 in the Trust Behaviour Policy

If a student's behaviour is unacceptable (see 2.1 and 2.2 of the Trust Behaviour Policy), the sanctions pathway will begin. Sanctions may be issued for:

- defiance
- disruption
- insufficient work

#### Verbal Warning

Before the sanction pathway begins, a student should be given a clear verbal warning. A reminder of expectations can be given to an individual and a group or class. The setting of expectations and reminder process is designed to give Pupils time to reflect and change their behaviours. If a student continues not to meet the expectations, this will move onto a Phase 1 of the sanction pathway.

#### Phase 1 - Whiteboard Warning

First negative attitude to learning. Following their verbal warning, any student who continues to behave in an unacceptable manner will be given a 'Phase 1'. Their initials will be written on the Phase 1 section of the whiteboard. It will be made clear to the student why this is happening.

#### Phase 2 - Written Warning/Move Seat in the Classroom

Second negative attitude to learning. Following a Phase 1, any student who continues to behave in an unacceptable manner will move to 'Phase 2'. The student should be moved to a different seat in the room, if possible. Their initials will be written on the Phase 2 section of the whiteboard and the Phase 2 will be written in the planner. It will be made clear to the student why this is happening.

#### Phase 3 - On Call/Relocation and Detention

Third negative attitude to learning. Following a Phase 2, any student who continues to behave in an unacceptable manner will move to 'Phase 3'. The student should be on called and not sent out of the room until they are collected. Any student who has reached Phase 3 has already caused considerable disruption and inconvenience so they should be removed from the situation. Their initials will be written on the Phase 3 section of the whiteboard and Phase 3 will be written in the planner as an update to the Phase 2 comment. It will be made clear to the student why this is happening. At Phase 3, the staff member should, where possible, arrange a developing relationships conversation at the earliest opportunity before the next lesson.

Although most unacceptable behaviours which reach this level will have been cumulative and have been dealt with by working through the Phases step by step, there may be occasions when the staff member moves straight to Phase 3, including:

- Dangerous or unruly behaviour
- Bullying or verbal abuse to other Pupils
- Theft

\*This list is non-exhaustive

#### Phase 4 - Reflection Room

Fourth negative attitude to learning or immediate Phase 4. If any student refuses to go to the relocation room in Phase 3, this escalates to Phase 4. A student who has been on called from 5 lessons in an academic week will

serve 5 lessons in the Reflection Room on Phase 4.

Pupils can be placed directly into the Reflection Room for:

- Use of the mobile phone and, subsequently, refusing to give the phone to staff
- Persistent bullying
- Racial or sexual harassment
- Handling stolen goods
- Deliberate damage to property
- Violent behaviour
- Grossly offensive language
- Sharing a cubicle
- Truancy

It will be made clear to the student why this is happening, expectations of behaviour in the Reflection Room and the number of periods that they may be in there. The length of time will depend on the severity of the Phase 4 incident and their behaviour in the room. If any student behaves in such a way that they fail the Reflection Room, this will result in a Phase 5.

#### **Phase 5 - Suspensions and Permanent Exclusions**

Suspensions will be used for Pupils who have completed all of the other levels of punishment and still continue to disrupt the learning of other Pupils. This is meant as the last punishment before permanent exclusion. Depending on the nature of the incident, some Pupils may be suspended or permanently excluded. These incidents may include:

- Threatening or intimidating behaviour to staff
- Unprovoked serious assault on a student
- Possession of or being under the influence of illegal substances
- Possession of a prohibited item on school premises

\*This list is non-exhaustive

The length of the suspension will depend on two factors:

1. The seriousness of the offence
2. The number of previous suspensions. Pupils may be given a longer suspension on their subsequent unacceptable behaviours if this is appropriate.

The decision to suspend is the Principal's decision. Once this decision has been taken, parents/carers should be contacted and, if possible, the student should be collected immediately. A Principal retains full authority to vary the length of any suspension at any time, however, no student will receive greater than 45 days suspension in any one academic year without being permanently excluded for persistent disruption and defiance. The DfE Guidance 2022 states a pupil may be suspended for one or more fixed periods (up to a maximum of 45 school days in a single academic year) that where a student has been suspended for 15 days or more in a term, the Governor disciplinary panel must meet. Please note that a Principal also retains the right to permanently exclude a student for persistent disruption and defiance even if they have not reached 45 days.

A reintegration meeting involving the student, parent/carer and the appropriate member of staff should take place before the student returns to school. Details of the timing of the meeting will be included in the suspension

letter. The reintegration should review the reasons for the suspension, set targets for behaviour and detail the student, parent/carer and staff member's voice.

### **Permanent Exclusion**

Permanent exclusion from school is the last resort when all attempts to modify a Pupils' behaviour have failed, the student will not conform to the school rules and their behaviour is having a serious impact on the learning of others. A permanent exclusion is when a pupil is no longer allowed to attend a school (unless the pupil is reinstated). The decision to exclude a pupil permanently should only be taken:

- in response to a serious breach or persistent breaches of the school's behaviour policy; and
- where allowing the pupil to remain in school would seriously harm the education or welfare of the pupils or staff in the school/academy.

### **Other Supportive Measures**

Sometimes, it may be appropriate to place a pupil in alternative provision (AP). We only take this decision if it is in the pupil's best interest. Pupils in AP remain the responsibility of our school and we take this responsibility very seriously. Normally, placement in AP is short-term. As a result, we make sure that AP meets a pupil's needs and offers continuity of education so that reintegration has the best chance of success. Alternative provision placements are monitored closely, and we work closely with parents to give the placement the best chance of success.

Sometimes, a managed move (MM) or an off-site direction (OSD) may be in the pupil's best interest. Off-site direction is when a pupil is required to attend another education setting to improve their behaviour. Off-site direction (OSD) is only used as a way to improve future behaviour. This can be an effective way to break a cycle of poor behaviour and give a pupil a fresh start. We will only use MMs or OSD when there is a genuine reason to do so, where it is in the student's best interest and we will take all the necessary steps to make sure that the MM or OSD is successful for pupils involved.