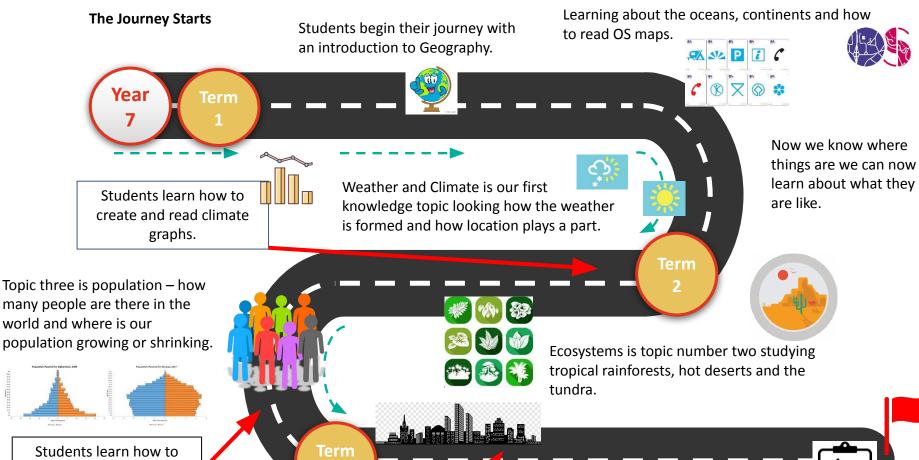
## **Progression in Geography**







create and use population pyramids.

Settlement comes fourth looking at where does the global population live and why.



Climate Change is unit 5 looking at the causes, effects and responses to this issue.



The end of the year finishes with a field trip to investigate whether Helmsley is a large village or small town.

Students learn to map megacities.



The Journey Starts

Year 8 starts with a deep dive into the Middle East looking at how its human development is

linked to its physical geography.

erm

Moving forward students study geology and glaciation looking at how the Earth's crust is formed and how ice can change its shape.

Students learn to

draw and read the geological timeline.

VALE OF

**ACADEMY** 

Students learn to create storm hydrographs and use them to predict flooding.

Topic four links to York as students study rivers and flooding using the Ouse and its flooding history as a case study.

Students learn how to

draw scatter graphs and

read correlation.

Topic three is development – why are countries unevenly developed and what can the rich do to help the poor?

Term

A walk along the Ouse to study floodplain zoning at Clifton Ings, the development of meanders and measuring the size of the embankments bring

Term



the rivers unit to life.

Following the river to the sea students now study the coast, looking at the creation of landforms as well as coastal management to protect the coastline.

Students learn how to evaluate different coastal defences.

Year 8 ends with globalisation looking at whether global brands are a good or bad thing for the world.

## **Progression in Geography**

Students learn to use ArcGIS to assess the damage being done to the British coast by erosion

Term



Topic two takes an in depth look into Russia; its physical geography, its

natural resources and how its people live. Finally we ask the question is

Russia too big?



Year 9 begins with a look into Geographical Information Systems – what they are, how they work and how to create them.

Term

We now look at the challenges of managing the UK's resources looking at food, water and energy.

Field work opportunity to visit DRAX power station to see how our electricity is generated.

Students learn how to create stacked bar charts and use them to show research results.

Students learn to create compound line graphs and understand how to read them.

> Topic Four takes a deep dive into Africa. How vastly different a continent can be.

GIS

After Russia we give Year 9 students a taste of GCSE by looking at urban issues and challenges in Rio. What are the social, economic and environmental issues and their. solutions?

Students learn how to map tectonic plates and their movement.

The end of Year 9 allows students to focus their learning on a geographical topic they have enjoyed. They design and present their own project.



Topic six delves into tectonic activities with students looking at the theory of continental drift, the difference between composite and shield volcanoes as well as earthquakes and tsunamis.

Term



## Progression in GCSE Geography



